

2nd Great Awakening & The Age of Reform

GADOE Teacher Notes: Guided Reading, Vocabulary, and Review

Students will access the GADOE Teacher Notes and review the content for Standards #7C & #7D) on pgs. 69 – 73

Standards Covered:

SSUSH7 Investigate political, economic, and social developments during the Age of Jackson.

c. Explain the influence of the Second Great Awakening on social reform movements, including *temperance, public education, and women's efforts to gain suffrage.*

d. *Explain how the significance of slavery grew in American politics including slave rebellions and the rise of abolitionism.*

Guided Reading Questions:

1. a) When did the 2nd Great Awakening occur? b) What role do you think the Erie Canal played in earning western New York the nickname 'The Burned Over District'? (research Part B to find the answer)
2. What were some of the reform movements that emerged because of the reform efforts by Christians in the 1st half of the 19th Century?
3. a) What were the goals Temperance movement in terms of overall alcohol consumption? b) What protections were the Temperance reformers trying to provide for women and children?
4. How did the reformers of Antebellum Era (pre-Civil war) believe that public education could make the democracy of the United States more effective?
5. What was the Common School Movement? What were the goals of the Common School Movement?
6. What factors contribute to middle class women playing an increased role in reform movements during the Antebellum (pre-Civil war) Era?
7. What limitations (political, economic, and social) did women in the Antebellum Era (pre-Civil war) face?
8. Who were the organizers of the Seneca Falls Convention and what were the goals of the Convention?
9. What was the purpose of the 'Declaration of Sentiments'? What document was the Declaration of Sentiments modeled after?
10. What role did Frederick Douglass play at the Seneca Falls Convention?
11. What was the Cotton gin? What role did the cotton gin play in reviving slavery in the South during the early 19th century?
12. What were 3 ways that politicians in the Antebellum Era (pre-Civil war) sought to maintain peace surrounding the issue of slavery?
13. What were the three major Abolitionist groups of the 1830s – 1850s? and what were their individual goals?
14. a) Who was William Lloyd Garrison, and what was the *Liberator*? b) How did the Grimke sisters contribute to the Abolitionist movement?
15. Who was Nat Turner, and what role did he play in the anti-slavery movement of the Antebellum Era (pre-Civil war)?